

FARMER'S REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, (Jefferson County, Virginia,) PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

Vol. VII.]

THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1814.

[No. 322.]

POETRY.

A KIND INVITATION.

"O, we would, if we could," say many men,
"Get married," but this sure, is sporting;
For I'm sure there's plenty of girls, and then,
Dear me! they don't want so much courting.
O, seek them, dear sirs, seek and woo,
They'd soon, if they might, fly to you.

Nay, gentlemen, don't be ashamed! no, no,
And don't be afraid—nay fear not;
Indeed it's no shame, and don't you all know,
'Tis but when you're silent we hear not.
O, why then, O, why don't you woo,
O, think, we must wait till you do.

I wish you'd all wed; for then I foresee,
My joys would defy fancy's summing;
I'm sure as I'm born there's a mate for me,
But O! he's so mighty long coming;
Will you come—will you come—O, do!
Sweet Sir! I would soon fly to you.

Al! thus, while you're trifling from day to day,
Nor pity nor thought your steps hasting,
I'm wailing and fretting my life away,
And my youth and my beauty wasting.
Will you come, will you come—O, do,
O, come! I'll be kind, come and woo.

THE LADIES' MAN.

No malice, no envy inspires
The bard, his advice to disclose;
The favor a fopling acquires
Will never disturb his repose.

Though sad, he must always seem gay,
Though restless, appear at his ease,
Must talk, when he's nothing to say,
And laugh, when there's nothing to please.

Must never look shy, nor afraid,
Approve of nonsensical clatter,
And smile at whatever is said,
Good, bad, or indifferent—no matter.

If Nancy says, "Cresus was poor,"
'Tis his to say "yes," and agree;
Or Harriot, "two threes are but four,"
"Correct, mam," just four they must be.

Should Julia remark, "it is hot,"
His answer must be, "it is so,"
If Mary observes "it is not,"
To her he consents, and says "no."

Would any diaph of his mind,
Bow, whisper, sigh, whimper and pray;
And hoodwink'd be led by the blind,
To such I have only to say—

Quit Paley, and study to please,
Read Chesterfield's system of laws;
And then you may bask at your ease,
In the sun-shine of female applause.

Double Flint Glass, JUST OPENED.

QUART, HALF PINT, GILL, and HALF GILL, } TUMBLERS.
QUART, PINT and HALF PINT, } DECANTERS.
WINE GLASSES, BOWLS, PITCHERS, &c.
As they are scarce those that want had better apply immediately.

JAMES S. LANE, Shepherd's-Town, April 16, 1814.

COLUMN TURNING.

The Subscriber will engage to execute all kinds of turning in the neatest and most fashionable manner, and on the shortest notice, from the smallest size up to a column twenty feet long and any circumference. Cabinet-makers from the neighbouring towns can see a sample of my turning at any time.

ANDREW WOODS, Charles-Town, May 5, 1814.

FOR SALE, A TIGHT CARRIAGE.

with a new set of HARNESS. For terms apply to the subscriber near Charles-Town, Jefferson County, Virginia.

JOSEPH CRANE, May 5.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the subscriber's farm, near Charles-Town, some time in April last, a sorrel mare, 14 hands high, about seven years old, a small star in her forehead, shod all round—Appraised to forty dollars. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

WALTER SHIRLEY, May 5, 1814.

Public Sale.

Agreeable to the last will and testament of James Strode, dec'd. will be sold, to the highest bidder, at the dwelling house of Henry Bedinger, in Berkeley County, on Saturday the 21st instant, two NEGRO MEN and a Mulatto LAD—And on the premises, that large and commodious BRICK HOUSE and LOT, in Shepherd's-Town, occupied by Mr. James Lane. The terms will be made known at the time of sale.

HENRY BEDINGER, ABRAHAM SHEPHERD, Esqrs. May 5, 1814.

OBSERVE.

THE Subscriber wishes to employ immediately, Several Journeymen, who are competent to carry on the CHAIR and SPINNING WHEEL Making Business, to whom will be given constant employ and the best wages.

BARK WANTED.

CASH WILL BE PAID FOR Chesnut, Spanish, and Black Oak Bark, delivered in Shepherd's-Town, (at Mr. John Kearsley's tan-yard) by John Jackson of the subscriber.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber informs his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his old stand to the house one door above Mrs. Williams's tavern, and opposite to Mr. John Heiser's, where he intends carrying on the

Clock and Watch Making Business, in all its various branches, and intends keeping a constant supply of Silver and Jewellery Work on hand.

Orders from a distance will be punctually attended to.

CARDING MACHINE.

THE Subscriber informs the public that he has erected and has now in operation a complete new CARDING MACHINE, at his saw mill in Jefferson County, about a half mile from Isaac Strider's mill, about half a mile from Lee-Town, and five from Capt. Walpert's tavern. The terms of carding will be eight cents per pound, and it will be expected that one pound of clean grease will be sent with every ten pounds of wool, unless it is pressed before it is sent, and all wool sent to the machine must be well picked and cleaned.

WILLIAM ROBERTS, May 12, 1814.

NOTICE.

THE purchaser at the Sale of the personal estate of Robert Shirley, dec'd. are hereby notified, that their notes will become due on the 15th inst. and that monies much wanted, for the purpose of discharging the decedent's debts—and as the Subscriber (as administrator) has been sued in several instances to May court, it will become indispensably necessary for him to sue all those (who do not discharge their notes punctually) to the same court.

R. C. LEE, Adm'r of Robert Shirley, dec'd. May 12.

A HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust from Peter Smurr, to the subscriber, dated the 7th day of June, 1802, and recorded in the county court of Jefferson, for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain sum of money due from the said Smurr to Henry Bedinger, of another sum of money due from the said Smurr to John Haines, and of another sum of money due from the said Smurr to Jacob Bedinger, the subscriber will offer for sale, by public auction, on the premises, for ready money, on Monday the 30th inst. at 12 o'clock, a part of a Lot of Land, situate fronting Prince's street in Shepherd's-Town, and county aforesaid. On the aforesaid part of a lot there is a frame dwelling house in which the said Smurr now resides. It is considered a good stand for a tradesman, being on a public part of said street. Persons wishing to suit themselves with a convenient stand for business, in this town may find it to their interest to attend the sale.

All the right and title of the said Peter Smurr, vested in the subscriber, by virtue of the aforesaid deed of trust, will be made to the purchaser, by JOHN MORROW, Shepherd's-Town, May 12, 1814.

Valuable Property FOR SALE.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust from Ferdinand Fairfax, dated the 1st day of December, 1807, and recorded in the county court of Jefferson, to William Byrd Page, and the subscriber, for the purpose of securing the payment of a sum of money due from said Fairfax to John D. Ozer, the subscriber, being the surviving trustee named in the said deed, will offer for sale, by public auction, for ready money, on the premises, on Thursday the 11th day of August next, very valuable seats for water works, on the Shenandoah River, in the county of Jefferson, with about 20 acres of land, adjacent to the upper end of a tract of land, also conveyed by said deed of trust, called Samuel Spencer's tenement, upon the margin of the river Shenandoah, so laid off or to be laid off, as to comprehend the said seats and water-works, and a considerable portion of which is rich low grounds, and very heavily timbered, and the seats for water works are supposed to be equal to almost any on the river.

A conveyance of all the right and title of said Ferdinand Fairfax, vested in the subscriber, will be made to the purchaser.

JOHN M'PHERSON, Trustee, &c. &c. May 5, 1814.

Trustee's Sale.

I will proceed to sell on the 21st of May, under a deed of trust, executed to me to secure a debt due to John Downey, all Robert M. Makin's interest in the crop of wheat and rye, on the plantation formerly John Bryan's, dec'd., on a credit of 3 months, the purchaser to give bond and security with interest.

EDMUND DOWNEY, May 10th, 1814.

BAR IRON.

HUMPHREYS & KEYES,
HAVE received a few tons well assorted Common BAR IRON of superior quality, of which they intend keeping a constant supply.

CLOVER SEED.

THE Subscriber has received a supply of the best crop of Red Clover Seed, of the first quality—with which he expects to be supplied during the season.

PLASTER PARIS.

An abundance has lately been discovered in this and in Berkeley County—Many are of opinion it will answer every purpose, by putting a larger quantity on, than of the Imported Plaster.

Come and see!

A VERY EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Superfine Cloths, Home-made Tow and Cassimers, Flax Linen, Twilled Bages, Shoe Thread, FLAX, Spun Cotton Yarn of all numbers, Spinning Cotton, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO—1,000 Pieces India Muslins, of different qualities, 2,500 Gals first quality Maryland WHISKEY, distilled by Andrew Riechler, of noted fame for making real good Whiskey. Old Masters and Port Wine, with all other kinds of WINES and other BOTTLES, Rice, Groceries, Paints, Medicines, Oil and Dye Stuffs, Hard-Ware—Queens, Glass, China and Pottery's Ware, &c. Seal and Upper Leather, Necessaries for the Saddle, Cuff and Hoop Stuffs, French and American Fair Toys, Bar-Iron, Castings, Iron, Cast-Steel, English, Russian and Country ditto, Axes and Vices, Jack-saws, Hoop Iron, Nails, &c.

The greater part of which were laid in before the late war, and of which the most articles are both cheap and high in the different sorts of towns) ought to be an object to purchasers far and near to come and supply themselves with such articles, for they may not, while they are yet to be had—For the immense quantities that are given for goods in both Philadelphia and Baltimore, is a temptation to the subscriber to send a considerable part of his present stock there to sell.

JAMES S. LANE, Shepherd's-Town, April 7.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers have received and just finished opening A LARGE QUANTITY OF FANCY GOODS;

Which have been lately purchased for cash in Philadelphia, and selected from the latest arrivals—CONSISTING IN PART, OF ELEGANT damask SILK SHAWLS, Levantine Silks, Fancy Muslins, Black and Changeable Linestrings, White Satin and Mantoes, Fine Linnen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Fashionable Spilt Straw, Silk, and Cut Velvet Bonnets, Knotted Counterpanes very large and handsome, Cheap Irish Linens, Fancy Muslins of all kinds, Cheap Castles, Galicoes and Chintzes, 10 Bales of India Muslin, a large assortment of Men's and Boy's Shoes, Ladies' Morocco and Kid Slippers, Looking Glasses, &c. &c. all of which are now offered for sale on the most reasonable terms for Cash.

SEASONED PLANK, THEY HAVE ALSO ON HAND A QUANTITY OF CEDAR AND WELL SEASONED PINE PLANK.

ALSO—HOG SKINS, Bar-Iron and Castings, Jack screws, Smith's Vices, Mails, Philadelphia finish, Cut Glass, Boot Legs and Fair Tops, Plated Silver, Tea and Coffee Bites, Home-made Linnen, Twilled Bages, Flax, &c. &c.

JOINER'S PLANES. A quantity of Joiner's Planes, Rules, Squares and Plane Bits. The highest price in Cash is given for good Clean Flax-Seed.

SILBY & SWEARINGEN, Shepherd's-Town, April 7.

CARDING MACHINE.

THE Subscribers inform the public that their CARDING MACHINE, at Mills Grove, near Charles-Town, is in the most complete order for breaking and carding wool. All wool sent to the Machine must be well picked and cleaned, and one pound of clean grease sent for every ten of wool. The Machine will be well attended, by a person acquainted with the business, and those sending their wool may depend upon having it well done.

WALKER & BEELER, April 7.

Rifle and Rock Powder, Wrought and Cut Nails,

For sale at the subscribers store in Charles-Town.

JOHN CARLISLE, March 3.

FOR SALE.

A TRACT OF LAND,
IN Berkeley County, on Back Creek, containing 534 acres on the pack horse road, this tract consisting of corn and meadow lands is well watered, has on it two good dwelling houses, a Barn, &c. of the tract is wood land, and is thought superior to any on the creek as a stock farm, having extensive summer range for cattle; it would suit well to divide into two farms. Price ten dollars per acre.

ALSO, a tract of 400 acres, two miles from the above is unimproved, lies contiguous to Paul Taylor's saw-mill, is valuable chiefly on account of its timber. Price one dollar per acre.

ALSO, a tract of 250 acres adjoining the 400 acre tract, and including several branches of well timbered. Price one dollar per acre.

Mr. James Magowan, of Kentucky, by special letter of attorney, has empowered me to sell and in my possession. I will show these lands to any person desirous to purchase.

HENRY BEDINGER, Berkeley County, May 5, 1814.

TO BE RENTED FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THAT well known and long established Tavern stand, in Charles-Town, Jefferson County, belonging to the representatives of Thomas Flagg, deceased, and which has been for several years past in the occupancy of Mr. Robert Fulton—possession may be had on the first day of April next. For particulars apply to the subscriber living in Martinsburgh, Berkeley County, or to M. H. Hagan, Esq. of Charles-Town.

JOSEPH HYNOR, February 24.

JOSEPH PENNELL, take notice, that on the 21st day of May next, at Robert Fulton's Tavern, in Charles-Town, we shall take the depositions of Nathan Haines, and Curtis Grubb, which will be taken on evidence upon the trial of a suit in Chancery, depending in the county court of Jefferson, in which you are complainant, and we as executors of William Grubb, are defendants.

JOHN HAINES, JOHN M'PHERSON, April 14.

FOR SALE, A VERY VALUABLE FARM IN Jefferson County, Virginia, about three miles from Charles-Town.

IT lies in that body of land known and commonly called the Rich Woods. This tract contains three hundred and twenty acres, and is in the most fertile soil in the county as to fertility of soil; at least one third is in very valuable timber, the balance is cleared, and in good farming order, having had this one hundred and twenty acres sown in clover. On the premises are a good barn three feet square, two excellent wells about thirty feet deep, and have never been known to fail, a good dwelling house, with stone chimney, and other convenient buildings—there is also a small apple and peach orchard. Any person wishing to purchase may know the terms by applying to the subscribers.

RICHARD BAYLOR, March 10, 1814.

FOR SALE, MILLS AND LAND,

desirably situated on the waters of Rappahannock, Virginia.

A Mill, situate on the north branch of Rappahannock River, in the county of Culpeper, about 28 miles above Fredericksburg, running 2 pairs of best burrs and 1 pair country stones, with all necessary machinery, newly built and in an excellent state of repair, and is situated in a desirable neighborhood, &c. &c. Adjoining this mill are 200 acres of fine farming land, on which are a dwelling house and other houses. One acre of land is also situated on the south branch of Rappahannock, in Orange, about 30 miles above Fredericksburg, running 1 pair 6 feet burrs and 1 pair country stones, and a Saw-Mill on the opposite side, in a rich country. Near these Mills are 450 acres of wood land—both of these situations are admirably calculated for cotton and wool manufactures, always affording an abundance of water for any purpose—the terms will be made easy. For further information apply to the printer of the Repository.

April 14. 7 w.

Carding Machine.

THE Subscriber informs the public, that he has erected and has now in operation, a complete set of CARDING MACHINES, at Mills Grove, near Charles-Town, in Berkeley County, about 8 miles from Charles-Town, 4 from Battle Town, and 5 from Snickers' Ferry. The terms of carding will be eight cents per pound; and it will be expected that one pound of grease will be sent with every ten pounds of wool, unless it is pressed before it is sent. It will be to the advantage of those persons who intend to have their wool carded by a machine, to send it as early as possible; as it not only carded better early in the season, but there is a greater certainty of its being speedily and punctually done, than in the fall, when there is generally a great press of business. The subscriber will also have in operation by the first of May, another set of Carding Machines at the mill formerly Daniel's, now belonging to Col. Griffin Taylor and others, at Little's Falls, on the Shenandoah River, about 4 miles from Charles-Town, and the same distance from Harper's Ferry—From the excellence of his machinery, and the strict attention he has punctually given to his business will be executed, he hopes that he will receive and merit the encouragement of the public.

JOHN HOGELAND, April 21, 1814.

P. S. Merino wool, as well as that of the Common sheep will be carded in the best manner. But it would be preferred that the former would be sent unwashed, unless the proper manner of washing it, is understood.

Stone Masons.

TEN or fifteen journeymen are wanted immediately, to whom good wages will be given and employment for the season. Apply to the subscriber in Charles-Town, Jefferson County, Va.

JOHN WILKINS, April 14.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

THE price of the FARMER'S REPOSITORY is Two Dollars a year; one dollar to be paid at the time of subscribing, and one at the expiration of the year. Distant subscribers will be required to pay the whole in advance. No paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks to non-subscribers for one dollar, and 25 cents for every subsequent publication, and when not particularly directed to the contrary, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.—Subscribers will receive a reduction of one fourth on their advertisements.

All letters addressed to the Editor must be paid.

BATTLE BETWEEN A BRITISH AND FRENCH FRIGATE.

LONDON, MARCH 5.
A letter from Admiral Lord Keith, K. B. to John Wilson Crocker, Esq. dated on board his majesty's ship York, in Cawsand Bay, the 2d inst. encloses the following:

His majesty's ship Eurotas, Plymouth Sound, March 4, 1814.

My Lord—I have the honor to inform your lordship, that his majesty's ship under my command, parted company with the Rippon on Monday night, the 21st inst. in chase of a vessel which proved to be a Swedish merchant ship; on Friday the 25th in endeavoring to rejoin the Rippon, being then in lat. 47, 40, N. and long. 9, 30, west, we perceived a sail upon the lee beam, to which we gave chase. We soon discovered her to be an enemy's frigate, and that she was endeavoring to out manœuvre us in bringing her to action; but having much the advantage in sailing, (albeit the wind had unfortunately died away) we were enabled at about 5 o'clock to pass under her stern, hail her and commence close action.

When receiving her broadside and passing to her bow, our mizen mast was shot away. I then ordered the helm to be put down to lay her aboard, but the wreck of our mizen mast laying on our quarter, prevented this desirable object from being accomplished.

The enemy just passed clear of us, and both officers and men of the Eurotas renewed the action with the most determined bravery and resolution, while the enemy returned our fire in a warm and gallant manner. We succeeded in raking her again, and then lay broadside to broadside; at 6, 20, our mizemast fell to the board, the enemy's mizen mast falling at the same time; at 6, 50, our foremast fell, and the enemy's mainmast almost immediately afterwards. At 10 minutes after 7 she slackened her fire, but having her foremast standing, she succeeded with her foresail in getting out of range. During the whole of the action we kept up a heavy and well directed fire, nor did I know which most to admire, the steadiness at the great guns, or the marines with their small arms, they vying with each other who should most annoy the enemy.

I was at this time so much exhausted by the loss of blood, from wounds I had received in the early part of the action from a grape shot, that I found it impossible for me to remain any longer upon deck. I was therefore under the painful necessity of desiring Lieut. Smith (first lieutenant) to take command of the quarter deck, and to clear the wreck of the fore-mast and main-mast, which then lay nearly fore and aft the deck and to make sail after the enemy; but at the same time I had the satisfaction of reflecting that I had left the command in the hands of a most active and zealous officer.

We kept in sight of the enemy during the night by means of boat sails and a jigger on the ensign staff; and before 12 o'clock the next day, Lieut. Smith reported to me, that by the great exertions of every officer and man, jury courses, topsails, and spanker, were set in chase of the enemy, who had not even cleared away his wreck, and that we were coming six and a half knots; that the decks were perfectly clear; and that the officers and men were as eager to renew the action as they were to commence it; but, to the great mortification of every one on board, we perceived two sail on the lee bow, which prove to be the Dryade and Achilles, they having crossed the enemy

(we only four or five miles distant) before we could get up to her, deprived us of the gratification of having her colors hauled down to us.

The enemy's frigate proved to be the Clorinde, captain Dennis Legard, mounting 44* guns, with four brass swivels in each top, and a complement of 360 picked men.

It is with sincere regret I have to state that our loss is considerable, having 20 killed and forty wounded; I have most sincerely to lament the loss of three fine young midshipmen, two of whom had served the whole of their time with me, and who all promised to be ornaments to the service. Among the wounded is lieutenant Ford of royal marines, who received a grape shot in his thigh, while gallantly heading his party.

I learn from Monsieur Gerard one of the French officers, that they have calculated their loss on board the Clorinde at one hundred and twenty men.

I enclose a list of the killed and wounded, and have the honor to be, &c.

(Signed) J. PHILLIMORE, Capt. Killed and wounded on board his majesty's ship Eurotas.

Killed	20
Wounded	40

* The Eurotas also mounts 44 guns.

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE NAVAL ACHIEVEMENT.

SAVANNAH, MAY 5.

"Our march is on the mountain wave,
"Our home is on the deep."

Yesterday afternoon arrived in five fathom, his Britannic majesty's brig Epervier, captured by the sloop of war Peacock, captain Warrington.—On the 29th of April, about 9 o'clock in the morning, off Cape Carnaveral, the United States sloop of war Peacock discovered the Epervier to the windward, and gave chase. The enemy bore down upon her and the action commenced—in 40 minutes after, the Epervier surrendered to the Peacock.

The Epervier was commanded by captain Richard Wales; mounting 18 32 pound cannonades; was built in the latter part of the year 1812; had a full complement of men, about one hundred and thirty-three, thirteen of whom were killed, and fifteen wounded—among the latter, her first lieutenant who lost an arm, and in severely wounded in the thigh. The Peacock had three men wounded, none killed.

The damage done to the two vessels in this action, forms a most surprising contrast; for whereas the Epervier is literally cut to pieces, in sails, rigging, spars, hull, &c. the Peacock was in a situation to commence another action of the same kind immediately. Not a single shot did she receive in her hull, masts, or sails, when on the other hand the Epervier received upwards of fifty shots in her hull, several of which are between wind and water. All her boats were shot to pieces; and her foremast very much crippled. She had five and a half feet water in her hold when she was taken possession of.

The Epervier was bound to Halifax, with upwards of 100,000 dollars in specie, which was taken on board the Peacock.

It is worthy of notice, in order to account for the length of the action, that shortly after its commencement, the British colors were shot away—the Peacock, then stern of the enemy, who was in a raking position, demanded if she had struck, the reply was, not yet—and before the action could be renewed, the Peacock lost this advantageous position, otherwise the Epervier would have been carried in half the time.

Lieutenant Nicholson with twelve men were put on board the prize, with orders to proceed for this port. The day after parting with the Peacock, the Epervier was chased by a frigate, but escaped by standing close in with the land, where she was becalmed. The frigate's boats were manned, approached the prize within hail, and asked "what brig that was?"—was answered "what boats are these?" accompanied with throwing open the ports of the prize, which so alarmed the enemy, that they made off precipitately.

We understand that there were three impressed American seamen on board the

Epervier which are among the number killed. Their names are Johnson, Peters and Roberts. Gold and insolent must be that heart that does not feel for the wrongs of men, who thus support their country's rights—and ungrateful would that country be, were she to suffer their liberties ever again to be trampled on by those whom they have thus so nobly vanquished.

Again, again and again, we ask, are these the men, the oppositionists would surrender up to British thralldom and oppression? Forbid it justice! Forbid it shame!

LOSS OF THE FROLIC.

BOSTON, MAY 11.

A gentleman from Providence informs that a cartel from Nassau, N. P. with 80 prisoners on board, was below that place on Monday last, and that she brought information of the capture and arrival at Nassau, of the U. S. sloop of war Frolic, captain Bainbridge, by the Orpheus frigate.

A letter from Providence, dated seven o'clock on Monday evening, to a gentleman in this town says, a cartel had just arrived twelve days from Nassau, N. P. Two days previous to her sailing, the Frolic sloop (mentioned above) arrived, prize to the frigate Orpheus. The letter gives no particulars of her capture.

We are informed that the Frolic surrendered without any resistance. The Orpheus was disguised and taken for an Indiaman. The Frolic likewise disguised as a merchant ship ran down upon her, and did not discover her mistake until it was too late to make her escape. She however threw overboard her guns, with the hope of escaping, but without avail. This is a verbal account which we have heard. We know not on what authority it rests.

STILL FURTHER.

Extract of a letter to Mr. Niles, editor of the Weekly Register, dated Providence, (R. I.) May 10, 1814.

"A cartel from New-Providance has just arrived here (with 80 prisoners) bringing information of the capture of the U. S. sloop Frolic, prize to the Orpheus frigate, and also the letter of marque Glissade, of Baltimore, prize to the Mosella brig.—The former was taken after throwing over 11 of her guns, anchors, &c. and the latter, after a chase of 9 hours—both off Mantanzas. Capt. Bainbridge's official account of the loss of the Frolic, is brought by this vessel, and is forwarded by mail, to the Secretary of the Navy."

CONCLUSION OF THE CREEK WAR.

Copy of a letter from Maj. Gen. Jackson, to his excellency Governor Blount, dated Camp at the junction of the Coossee and Tallapoosa, April 13th, 1814.

SIR—I am happy to inform you that the campaign is, at length, drawing to a prosperous close. We have scoured the Coossee and Tallapoosa and the intervening country. A part of the enemy on the latter river made their

POETRY.

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THE purchasers at the Sale of the personal estate of Robert Shirley, &c. &c. are hereby notified, that their notes will become due on the 15th inst. and that money is much wanted, for the purpose of discharging the decedent's debts—and as the Subscriber (as administrator) has been sued in several instances May 12, 1814, it will become indispensably necessary for him to sue all those (who do not discharge their notes punctually) to the same court. R. C. LEE, Adm'r of Robert Shirley, &c. &c. May 12.

A HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust from Peter Smurr, to the subscriber, dated the 7th day of June, 1802, and recorded in the county court of Jefferson, for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain sum of money due from the said Smurr to Henry Hager, of another sum of money due from the said Smurr to John Miller, and another sum of money due from the said Smurr to Jacob Heisinger: the subscriber will offer for sale, by public auction, on the premises, for ready money, on Monday the 30th inst. at 12 o'clock, a part of a Lot of Land, situated in the town of Shepherd's-Town, and county of Jefferson. On the aforesaid part of a lot there is a frame dwelling House in which the said Smurr now resides. It is considered a good stand for a tradesman, being on a public part of the street. Persons wishing to suit themselves with a convenient stand for business in this town may find it to their interest to attend the sale. All the right and title of the said Peter Smurr, vested in the subscriber, by virtue of the aforesaid deed of trust, will be made known by JOHN MORROW. Shepherd's-Town, May 12, 1814.

Valuable Property FOR SALE.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust from Fernando Fairfax, dated the first day of December, 1807, and recorded in the county court of Jefferson, to William Byrd Page, and the subscriber, for the purpose of securing the payment of a sum of money due from said Fairfax to John J. Ows: the subscriber, being the surviving trustee named in the said deed, will offer for sale, by public auction, for ready money, on the premises, on Thursday the 11th day of August next, very valuable shares for water works, on the Shenandoah River, in the county of Jefferson, with about 20 acres of land, adjacent to the upper end of a tract of land, also conveyed by said deed of trust, called Samuel Spruce's tract, upon the margin of the river Shenandoah, so laid off or to be laid off, as to comprehend the said seats and water advantages—a considerable portion of which is very low grounds, and very heavily timbered, and the seats for water works are supposed to be equal to almost any of the kind. A conveyance of all the right and title of said Fernando Fairfax, vested in the subscriber, will be made to the purchaser. JOHN M'PIERSON, Trustee. t.d.s. May 5, 1814.

Trustee's Sale.

I will proceed to sell on the 21st of May, under a deed of trust, executed to me, to secure a debt due to John Downey, all Robert M'Kain's interest in the crop of wheat and rye, on the plantation formerly John Bryan's, dec'd. on a credit of 3 months, the purchaser to give bond and security with interest. EDMUND DOWNY. May 10th, 1814.

Public Sale.

Agreeable to the last will and testament of James Struble, dec'd. will be sold, to the highest bidder, at the dwelling house of Henry Bedinger, in Berkeley County, on Saturday the 21st instant, two NEGRO MEN and a Mulatto LAD—And on Monday the 23d inst. will be sold, in like manner, on the premises, that large and commodious BRICK HOUSE and LOT, in Shepherd's-Town, occupied by Mr. James Lane. The terms will be made known at the times of sale. HENRY BEDINGER, ABRAHAM SHEPHERD, } Exrs. May 5, 1814.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the subscriber's farm, near Charles-Town, some time in April last, a sorrel mare, 14 hands high, about seven years old, a small star in her forehead, shod all round—Appraised to forty dollars. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. WALTER SHIRLEY. May 5, 1814.

Stone Masons.

TEN or fifteen journeymen are wanted immediately, to lay good wages will be given and employment for the same. Apply to the subscriber in Charles Town, Jefferson County, Va. JOHN WILKINS. April 14

BAR IRON.

HUMPHREYS & KEYES, HAVE received a few tons well assorted Good BAR IRON of superior quality, of which they intend keeping a constant supply. ON HAND GOOD ASSORTMENT OF CASTINGS, GROWLEY AND HUNTER'S STEEL, WRIGHT AND CO'S NAILS, FIRST CHOP IMPERIAL, &c. &c. YOUNG HAYSON. Charles Town, April 7. Wanted to purchase immediately, a quantity of PLAIN SPOED. JAMES S. LANE. Shepherd's-Town, March 3.

CLOVER SEED.

THE Subscriber has received a supply of the best crop of Red Clover Seed, of the first quality—with which he expects to be supplied during the season. JAMES S. LANE. Shepherd's-Town, March 3.

PLASTER PARIS

In abundance has lately been discovered in this and in Berkeley County—Many are of opinion it will answer every purpose, by putting a larger quantity on, than of the Imported Plaster.

Come and see!

A VERY EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Superfine Cloths, Home-made Tow and Flax Linen, Twilled Bags, Shoe Thread, Spun Cotton Yarn of all numbers, Silk and Cotton HOSE, &c. &c. &c. Superior Fine Cassimeres, Marselles Vesting, Cambric Muslins, Galloes, Irish Linens, Mens' and Womens' Silk and Cotton HOSE, &c. &c. &c. Hard-Ware—Queens' Glass, China and Porcelain Ware, &c. Soap and Upper Leather, &c. &c. &c. French and American Fair 1 1/2, Boot Laps, Bar-Iron, Castings, Real Crowley Steel, English Bar-Iron, &c. &c. &c. Annis and Vice; Jack-Saws, Hoop Iron, Nails, &c. &c. &c. The greater part of which were laid in before the celebration of war, and (whilst most articles are at both prices and high in the different sea-port towns) ought to be an object of purchase far and near to those who supply themselves with such articles as they may want, while they are yet to be had—for the immense high prices that are now being asked for such articles, and the uncertainty, is a temptation to the subscriber to send a considerable part of his present stock there to sell. JAMES S. LANE. Shepherd's-Town, April 7.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers have received and just finished opening A LARGE QUANTITY OF FANCY GOODS; WHICH have been lately purchased for cash in Philadelphia, and selected from the latest arrivals. CONSISTING IN PART, OF ELEGANT damask SILK SHAWLS, Levantine Silks, Fancy Ribbons, black and Changeable Laces, White Satin and Mantuas, Fine Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, fashionable Spitz Straw, Silk, and Cut Velvet Bonnets, Knitted Counterpanes very large and handsome, Cheap Irish Linens, Fancy Muslins of all kinds, Cheap Irish Muslin, a large assortment of Mens' and Boys' Shoes, 12 pair Morocco and Kid Slippers, Looking Glasses, &c. &c. all of which are now offered for sale on the most reasonable terms for Cash. JAMES S. LANE. Shepherd's-Town, April 7.

SEASONED PLANK.

THE Subscriber has on hand a QUANTITY OF GOOD AND WELL SEASONED PINE PLANK.

JOINER'S PLANES.

A quantity of Joiner's Planes, Rules, Squares and Plane Bits. The highest price in Cash is given for good Clean Pine-wood. SELBY & SWEARINGEN. Shepherd's-Town, April 7.

CARDING MACHINE.

THE Subscribers inform the public that their CARDING MACHINE, at Mills Grove, near Shepherd's-Town, is in the most complete order for breaking and carding wool. All wool sent to the Machine must be well picked and cleaned, and one pound of clean grease sent for every ten of wool. The Machine will be well attended to by a person acquainted with the business, and those sending their wool may depend upon having it well done. WALKER & DEPLER. April 7.

Rife and Rock Powder, Wrought and Cut Nails,

For sale at the subscribers store in Charles-Town. JOHN CARLISLE. March 3.

FOR SALE, A TRACT OF LAND,

IN Berkeley County, on Back Creek, containing 534 acres on the pack horse road, this tract has upwards of 100 acres of creek bottom, consisting of corn and meadow lands is well watered, has on it two good dwelling houses, a Barn, &c. the upland produces excellent wheat, three fourths of this tract is wooded, and is thought proper to divide on the creek as a stock farm, having extensive summer range for cattle; it would suit well to divide into two farms. Price ten dollars per acre. ALSO, a tract of 460 acres, two miles from the above is unimproved, lies contiguous to coal, and is valuable chiefly on account of its timber. Price one dollar per acre. ALSO, a tract of 350 acres adjoining the 460 acre tract, and including several branches of Back Creek—This land is also unimproved, and well timbered. Price one dollar per acre. Mr. James M'Gowan, of Kentucky, by special letter of attorney, has empowered me to sell and convey the above lands—the original patents are in my possession. I will show these lands to any person desirous to purchase. HENRY BEDINGER. Berkeley County, May 5, 1814.

TO BE RENTED FOR A TERM OF YEARS,

THAT well known and long established Tavern stand, in Charles-Town, Jefferson County, belonging to the representatives of Thomas Flagg, deceased, and which has been for several years in the occupancy of Mr. Robert Fulton—possession may be had on the first day of April next. For particulars apply to the subscriber living in Martinsburg, Berkeley County, or to M. Hanson, Esq. of Charles-Town. JOSEPH HUNOR. February 24.

FOR RENTED FOR A TERM OF YEARS,

THE Subscriber has received a supply of the best crop of Red Clover Seed, of the first quality—with which he expects to be supplied during the season. JAMES S. LANE. Shepherd's-Town, March 3.

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TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

THE price of the FARMER'S REPOSITORY is Two Dollars a year; one dollar to be paid at the time of subscribing, and one at the expiration of the year. Distant subscribers will be required to pay the whole in advance. No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid. ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks to non-subscribers for one dollar, and 25 cents for every subsequent publication, and when not particularly directed to the contrary, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.—Subscribers will receive a reduction of one fourth on their advertisements. All letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid.

BATTLE BETWEEN A BRITISH AND FRENCH FRIGATE.

LONDON, MARCH 5. A letter from Admiral Lord Keith, K. B. to John Wilson Crocker, Esq. dated aboard his majesty's ship York, in Cawson-Bay, the 21st inst. enounces the following: His majesty's ship Eurotas, Plymouth Sound, March 1, 1814. My Lord—I have the honor to inform your lordship, that his majesty's ship under my command, parted company with the Rippon on Monday night, the 21st inst. in chase of a vessel which proved to be a Swedish merchant ship; on Friday the 25th inst. endeavoring to rejoin the Rippon, being then in lat. 47, 40, N. and long. 9, 30, west, we perceived a sail upon the lee beam, to which we gave chase. We soon discovered her to be an enemy's frigate, and that she was endeavoring to out manoeuvre us in bringing her to action; but having much the advantage in sailing, (alho' the wind had unfortunately died away,) we were enabled at about 5 o'clock to pass under her stern, hail her and commence close action. When receiving her broadside and passing to her bow, our mizen mast was shot away. I then ordered the helm to be put down to lay her aboard, but the wreck of our mizen mast laying on our quarter, prevented this desirable object from being accomplished. The enemy just passed clear of us, and both officers and men of the Eurotas renewed the action with the most determined bravery and resolution, while the enemy returned our fire in a warm and gallant manner. We succeeded in raking her again, and then lay broadside to broadside; at 6, 20, our mainmast fell on the board, the enemy's mizen mast falling at the same time; at 6, 50, our fore-mast fell, and the enemy's mainmast almost immediately afterwards. At 10 minutes after 7 she slackened her fire, but having her foremast standing, she succeeded with her foresail in getting out of range. During the whole of the action we kept up a heavy and well directed fire, nor did I know which most to admire, the stamen at the great guns, or the marines with their small arms, they vying with each other who should most annoy the enemy. I was at this time so much exhausted by the loss of blood, from wounds I had received in the early part of the action from a grape shot, that I found it impossible for me to remain any longer upon deck. I was therefore under the painful necessity of desiring Lieut. Smith (first lieutenant) to take command of the quarter deck, and to clear the wreck of the fore-mast and main-mast, which then lay nearly fore and aft the deck and to make sail after the enemy; but at the same time I had the satisfaction of reflecting that I had left the command in the hands of a most active and zealous officer. We kept in sight of the enemy during the night by means of boat sails and a flag on the ensign staff; and before 12 o'clock the next day, Lieut. Smith reported to me, that by the great exertions of every officer and man, jury courses, topsails, and spanker, were set in chase of the enemy, who had not even cleared away his wreck, and that we were coming up with her very fast, going at the rate of six and a half knots; and that the officers and men were as eager to renew the action as I was to commence it; but, to the great mortification of every one on board, we perceived two sail on the lee bow, which proved to be the Dryade and A-shabates, they having crossed the enemy

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LOSS OF THE FROLIC

FROM THE FRONTIERS.

NEW-YORK, MAY 12. By a gentleman from Utica, who arrived in the steam boat last evening, we have received the following interesting verbal intelligence.

On Thursday last, the 5th inst. about 11 o'clock, the British fleet under com. Yeo, appeared at Oswego, in force seven sail, including their new frigate and two new brigs and 12 and 1 o'clock. After cannonading some time an attempt was made to land a body of troops, in two gun boats and about 12 barges, which were repulsed by our garrison. A second attempt was made in the course of the afternoon, under protection of the cannon of the fleet, and proceeded within close gun shot of the fort, which again opened its fire upon the boats, and drove them back to the shipping, without the loss of a man on our side in either attack. The account was brought to Utica by a midshipman or clerk to capt. Woolsey, Oneida, who was at Oswego Falls, to superintend the passage of the cannon and stores for the new vessels at Sackett's Harbor but on the appearance of the British fleet were ordered up to Oswego with a party of sailors, to assist in defending the place, and were in the engagements on the evening after which the young man left the place for Utica.

POSTSCRIPT.—By a gentleman who arrived last evening in the Steam boat, we received the Albany Argus of Tuesday last, on the margin of which is written the following: "We are sorry to state, that Oswego, with the stores, &c. at that place, were taken by the enemy on Friday last. The loss is estimated at from 100,000 to 500,000 dollars."

In a letter from Plattsburgh, dated the third of May, it is stated that "Gen. Izard arrived here yesterday to take the command of the army. The armies on both sides, since the affair of La Cloe, remain in a state of inactivity—how long they will continue so I am unable to determine."

From another letter. "The only article of intelligence I have to communicate, is, that a cartel with about 250 prisoners on board arrived at Cumberland Head from Isle Aux Noix on Thursday last. The prisoners have since been brought to this village—they are principally militia and inhabitants taken on the Niagara frontier last winter. It is understood that a number more are coming out in a few days."

LATEST FROM OSWEGO. We learn verbally, by the steam-boat Paragon, that the British have evacuated Oswego; previous to which they carried away or destroyed 40 bbls of flour, 2000 lbs of whiskey, 7 large and 3 small pieces of ordnance, and burnt one or two public stores. Our garrison in the fort, during the two first attacks made upon it, lost 14 men killed, and between 30 and 40 wounded; the loss of the British is said to be 200.

Lieutenant Woolsey, with the schooner Growler and two others of the squadron from Sackett's Harbor, had been at Oswego; but, hearing that the British fleet were out, he returned for Sackett's Harbor before the British fleet had made their appearance. The Growler was taking in cannon and military stores; and, not being in a situation to sail licu. W. had her scuttled.

LATEST FROM SACKETT'S HARBOR. By the following extracts it will appear that Commodore Chauncey had not sailed with his whole squadron on Friday last, as reported yesterday:

TO THE EDITOR OF THE COLUMBIAN. Sackett's Harbor, May 6, (Friday.) Last evening an express arrived here to the commander, purporting that a British force of several sail, (some say seven) were seen standing for Oswego. This was immediately magnified, and the result was, that they had commenced a bombardment of the place. Bustle and confusion was the order of the day among the citizens; the soldiers were turned out, and early the next morning a detachment of twenty spies were sent to reconnoitre; and at the same time, the brigs Oneida and Sylph were ordered out; every vessel in the harbor, that has been ready for some weeks, have this day been provisioned, and upon getting out will comprise the sloops of war, Gen. Pike, Madison, Jefferson, and Jones, together with the schr. Governor Tompkins, and brigs Sylph, Oneida, and Lady of the Lake, already out.

It will depend upon the information received this evening, whether a certainty has been promulgated, as in that event, a

THE ENEMY AT OSWEGO.

We understand by gentlemen who came in the western stage, that the British with a 60 gun ship and twenty transports on Thursday last made an attack on Oswego, and carried it.—They were bravely resisted by about 300 men for a short period, and many lives lost on both sides. The publication of Mr. Parsons, we understand, was burnt by hot shot; all the public buildings and stores destroyed, and the enemy were on their march to destroy the stores and cannon deposited near Oswego, which were destined for our fleet at Sackett's Harbor. The report of cannon was distinctly heard on Thursday from 10 till 2 o'clock, on College Hill, at Clinton, and in other places in the vicinity.

Since the above was in type, we further learn from a source on which we can fully rely, that the British took possession of the place on Friday last, after a gallant resistance of two days, by a few brave troops, commanded by Lt. Col. Mitchell. The whole British fleet was since been discovered standing apparently for Kingston; from which we infer that the munitions of war, the main depot of which were at Oswego falls, cannot have fallen into the hands of the enemy.

BY THE STEAM BOAT.

A letter from Troy of the 15th inst. states, that information by express had been received from Gen. Izard at Plattsburgh, through General Macomb, Burlington, that the enemy's flotilla, consisting of 1 brig of 22 guns, three sloops and 13 galleys were on Thursday within ten miles of Cumberland Head, Lake Champlain.

A gentleman in the steam boat states, that the enemy's fleet were lying off Burlington, close in with the shore, on Thursday morning.

WASHINGTON CITY, MAY 17.

Extract of a letter from Com. Chauncey to the Secretary of the Navy, dated May 12.

I received a letter from capt. Woolsey last evening, dated at 6 o'clock, p. m. on the 5th inst. The enemy had been cannonading Oswego about three hours when the express came away, without doing any injury. He had been twice repulsed in his attempts to land, and the officers and men in high spirits, and expected to be able to hold out until reinforcements arrived. Col. Mitchell and Capt. Woolsey are both excellent officers, and I may say without disparagement to any other corps, that the 3d regiment of artillery is one of the best disciplined corps in the army, and is remarkable for the great number of scientific and correct officers in it—we therefore may expect a most gallant defence of Oswego; if the enemy has succeeded in taking it, he has paid dearly for it. The attack, I presume, was renewed yesterday morning, as the guns were heard distinctly at that place from morning until about 2 P. M. when the firing ceased.

Copy of a letter from Com. Chauncey to the Secretary of the Navy,

U. S. ship General Pike, Sackett's Harbor, May 7, 5 o'clock, p. m. 1814.

SIR—The enemy's fleet passed in sight, about an hour since at a great distance, and standing for Kingston. We have several vague reports, that the enemy landed from 1500 to 3000 men, and that they carried the fort at Oswego by storm and put the garrison to the sword; others, that the garrison, with captain Woolsey and seamen surrendered, and that the enemy was marching to the Falls. All these reports are unquestionably much exaggerated, and if it should turn out that Oswego has been taken, it will be found that the troops and seamen did their duty, and that the enemy has paid dearly for the place.

I have the honor to be, &c.

ISAAC CHAUNCEY, Sec'y of the Navy, Washington.

Extract of a letter from Major General Brown, dated 7th of May, 1814.

I received a report from Col. Mitchell by an express who left him after the affair of the day and night of the 5th.—The enemy with his old fleet, one new ship and some gun-boats, endeavored to force the Colonel from his position.—They had not succeeded in landing any force. Our garrison was undismayed, and, like brave men, tenacious alike of their honor and their post. The result of yesterday's attack we know not."

NEW-YORK, MAY 16.

Confirmation of the Defeat of Bonaparte—Capture of Paris by the Allies—and the taking of the Negotiations at Chatillon.

The cartel ship Fair American, Captain Adams, arrived at this port yesterday morning in 36 days from Liverpool, which she left on the 8th of April with passengers for Government, and between thirty and forty cabin passengers. The Editors of the Mercantile Advertiser have received by her London papers to the 6th of April, and Liverpool of the 7th. They confirm in every

Important Intelligence from France.

[FROM THE BOSTON DAILY ADV. OF THE 12th inst.]

Arrived before the 11th inst. 31 days from Rochelle. News of the 21st were received from the 11th, but the following summary of news by her, has been sent up by gentleman passengers.

Sailed from Rochelle, on the 8th April. Bonaparte was taken possession of by the English and Portuguese on the 12th of March, without opposition, the French troops having evacuated it the day before. The town and fortress of Baye, on the river, was protected and not the passengers to land. A few days before the departure of captain M. which would leave no obstacle to the English shipping, which was lying in the river arriving at Bordeaux. Emperor's head quarters were at Troyes on the 24th of March, and he was then directing his march by Sens towards Paris. On the 25th, he was at Fontainebleau, but he heard that the enemy had advanced towards Sens, and he immediately ordered the corps of the duke of Treviso and Ragusa, and that of general Compans, who had operated in the defence of the capital, had joined between Essone and Paris. The Emperor took possession with all the army that arrived from Troyes.

A general dissatisfaction prevailed among the people against the system which has so long oppressed them, and they were impatient more than an opportunity to shake off the yoke. The duke of Angoulême, (nephew of Louis the present claimant of the French throne, and son in law of the late king) was at Bourdeaux, and that the proclamation, which he issued, was published in the name of Louis the 18th. It was also reported, that the duke of Angoulême had declared in favor of Louis the 18th.

The Journal de Bourdeaux, No. 1, was published on the 14th of April; the first newspaper printed in France, during the last twenty years, in the hands of the British and Portuguese, journal of the entry of the British and Portuguese into Bourdeaux, and the Proclamation of the Duke of Angoulême to the French people in the name of Louis the 18th.

The most extensive assistance was about to be afforded by the British government to the Royalists in the south of France; an order has been given for supplying them with 150,000 stand of arms, and provisions, and equipments, to be sent to Bourdeaux with all possible expedition.

A relation of Talleyrand's arrival in England, the beginning of April, on a secret mission.

The Emperor's march to his assistance—propagated by a short and vigorous resistance, and to underserve the French honor.—Paris 26th March 1814.

LATEST ENGLISH BULLETIN. From the 6th edition of the Sun, 11th 5.

SECOND OFFICIAL BULLETIN. War Department, Downing street, April 5, 1814.

Letters are received from Sir G. Stewart, dated Hougoumont, on the 25th of March.

A successful attack was made on the enemy on that day by the allied army.

The loss of the enemy in prisoners and artillery was very considerable, and the allies advanced after the action to the gates of Paris.

When on the point of entering the Barriers of the town, a flag of Truce was sent out to solicit a capitulation, which was granted by the Emperor of Russia and King of Prussia, who entered Paris on the following morning at nine o'clock.

Capt. Adams of the Fair American, informed us, that a letter was received in Liverpool on the evening of the 6th of April, by express, from Gen. Gesteau, in London, Member of Parliament, stating that the allied sovereigns were in Paris negotiating with the French Senate, independent of Bonaparte. The letter further stated, that a general peace was expected, in which America would most likely be included.

A Liverpool paper of April 7th says, intelligence from Cort, states, that Bayonne surrendered on the 23d ult.

The Dispatches for the Secretary of State, brought by the Fair American, were forwarded by yesterday's southern mail.

PROCLAMATION, IN THE NAME OF THE KING.

The Duke D'Angoulême to the French Army. Soldiers—I am arrived—I am in France—in that France so dear to me—I come to break your fetters: I come to unfold the white standard which has been stained with your fathers' blood, and let us all march to the overthrow of tyranny.

Generals, Officers, and soldiers, who shall render yourselves under the ancient banner of the Lily, in the name of the King, my uncle, who has charged me to make known to you his paternal affection, I guarantee your rank, your pay, and rewards proportioned to the fidelity of your services.

French soldiers, it is the grandson of Henry IV. it is the husband of a Princess whose misdeeds are unequalled, but whose wishes are for the peace of France, it is a Prince, forgetting his afflictions, as his King has done, to think only of you, who comes to throw himself into your arms. Soldiers, my hopes are not deceived! I am the son of your Kings; and you are LOUIS ANTOINE.

By order of his Royal Highness, Count ETIENNE DE DAMAS. St. Jean de Luz, Feb. 11, 1814.

TILE REPOSITORY.

CHARLESTOWN, MAY 16.

A splendid public dinner was given on the 10th inst., in Boston, by the citizens of that town, to the gallant commodore PERREY.

Gen. Chandler has arrived at Burlington from Quebec, on his way to his family in Massachusetts. Gen. Winchester has arrived at New York from Canada, where he was confined as a hostage.

Col. Lewis and Maj. Madison arrived at Washington, (Ken.) on the 10th inst. on their way from Canada, where they have been prisoners of war since the battle at the River Raisin.

The army under Lord Wellington has been defeated, with considerable loss, near Bourdeaux, by the army under Marshal Soult, in which his lordship had two horses shot under him and was severely wounded in the thigh.

It is stated in a London paper of the 29th of March, that the United States' frigate Essex, capt. Perry, has been captured by the British frigate Phoenix, of 38 guns. The action was said to be a very sanguinary one, and lasted a considerable length of time.

The American Phoenix, it seems, is of a better breed than the British.—Their bird was destroyed by our Hornet—our Phoenix has vanquished their Sparrow Hawk, [Epervier.] Eng.

The Seventy-Four, building at Charlestown (Ma.) is a state of great forwardness for launching, and is not expected, by some unbusiness dealers, may be retained to leave her cradle on the 7th of July. An event, of this pleasing nature, will add much to the festivity of our grand national jubilee. [Bos. Gaz.]

FROM LAKE ONTARIO.

We were in expectation of receiving, before this date, official accounts of the occupation and evacuation of Oswego by the enemy, both of which events are known to have taken place. But we are disappointed. At present we only know that the place was taken after an obstinate resistance against a very superior force of the enemy; his whole naval strength being directed against it; and after the destruction of the small amount of public property found there the post was evacuated by the enemy on the next day. The loss of the enemy is represented as having quadrupled that which we sustained.—[Nat. Int.]

Extract of a letter from W. Warrington, Esq. Captain of the U. S. Ship Peacock, to the Secretary of the Navy, dated May 12, 1814.

SIR—I write to inform you, that the amount of the specie deposited in Bank from H. M. late sloop Epervier is \$119,000, and that about \$10,000, as far as we can judge, has been plundered by her crew, to the disgrace of her commander and officers who took no steps to restrain or prevent this lawless and unprincipled act.

I have taken upon myself to liberate from prison, until your pleasure shall be known, two men (Seldon and Murray) who composed part of the Epervier's crew, and claiming protection from me as Americans; stating that they had been impressed and compelled to serve although repeatedly coming forward to give themselves up as prisoners of war.

Murray declares himself a Long Island man, and I believe him, for he has given such an accurate account of it as no stranger could have done.—I have placed them on board the Troup (Lieut. Walpole) until the propriety of their claims is established or disallowed."

SENTINEL EXTRA.

Burlington, Sunday Evening, May 15.

Yesterday morning a little before sunrise the enemy's fleet commenced a heavy and spirited fire upon our batteries at the mouth of Otter Creek near Vergennes. Com. McDonough came down the river with his new sloop of war and several of his galleys, and in one hour the enemy were compelled to retreat, without our losing one man, or suffering the least injury! In the afternoon the British fleet appeared off this town on their retreat.

BY YESTERDAY'S MAIL.

BURLINGTON, (VER.) MAY 15. A. L. A. M.

The enemy's fleet appeared off this bay yesterday morning. The whole force which was above in sight, is 7 row galleys, four sloops and one brig.—In the afternoon the row galleys made a landing on Juniper Island, (so called) about four miles out in the bay. Their object is probably to pick up our water craft on the Lake, and make a visit to Vergennes. We understand by a gentleman from Vergennes, who arrived in town last evening, that Com. McDonough had sailed to meet the enemy, with what force he had completed, which consists of one ship of war, five sloops and ten galleys. Should this be correct, we doubt not that the result will be favorable to our navy, and whatever may transpire of an interesting nature before our next publication, will be given in an extra sheet.

Extract of a letter to the editors of the Alexandria Herald, dated Baltimore, May 21, 1814.

Gen. Smith is said to have received a letter from our agent in London, which gives an opinion that the British government, as a preliminary to peace, will require us to abandon the East-India trade and the fisheries."

ANNAPOLIS, MAY 21.

A FLAG OF TRUCE from the British squadron in the Bay, bearing dispatches, arrived in our harbor yesterday—the purport of which we have not been able to ascertain.

BIBLE SOCIETY.

Agreeably to a notification requesting a meeting of the citizens of Jefferson County, at the German Presbyterian Church in Shepherd's Town, on the 21st inst. to determine whether they would unite with those of Berkeley in the establishment of a BIBLE SOCIETY, or, if it should be thought more advisable to form a separate one in Jefferson, to take the necessary steps for that purpose; a number of persons attended.

On motion, the Rev. Lewis MAYER was appointed chairman, and ROBERT WORTHINGTON, Esq. Secretary.

Resolved, As the opinion of this meeting, that it is expedient to establish a BIBLE SOCIETY in the county of Jefferson.

Resolved, That this meeting considers the invitation given by the citizens of Berkeley to those of Jefferson, to unite with them in the establishment of a BIBLE SOCIETY, as a mark of their respect; but, at the same time believing that a separate society in each county will be productive of more good, they decline accepting the same.

Resolved, That another meeting be held in the German Presbyterian Church on Saturday the 11th day of June next, at 3 o'clock, p. m. for the purpose of organizing a BIBLE SOCIETY by adopting a suitable constitution and appointing the necessary officers; and that all those persons throughout the County of Jefferson, who are disposed to patronize such an institution by becoming members thereof, be requested to attend.

Resolved, That the Rev. John Mathews, the Rev. Lewis Mayer, Col. John Morrow and John Kearsley, Esq. be a committee to prepare a form of a constitution for this Society and report the same to the meeting contemplated in the preceding resolution.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Farmer's Repository and Martinsburgh Gazette.

LEWIS MAYER, Chairman. R. WORTHINGTON, Secretary.

An appropriate discourse will be delivered at the same time and place.

COME QUICK!

And you shall positively have CHEAP GOODS. HAVING just arrived from the eastward with a large assortment of GOODS;

bought at depressed prices for cash, at the time that both the speculators and Banks were hard run for money—and just before the late general blockade—since which most foreign articles have again rapidly advanced in price in the seaport towns. Notwithstanding all these, who come quick shall positively have cheap goods.

Shepherd's Town, May 26, 1814. N. B. A few barrels No. 1 New Herring's B. H. more Inspection.

CAUTION.

The public are hereby cautioned against taking an assignment on a note of hand executed by the subscriber, with Samuel Spenger his security, to Charles Shewbridge, some time in December last, for the payment of \$6150, as he is determined not to pay the same unless compelled by law.

NATHAN SPENCER, Jefferson County, May 26, 1814.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber has been appointed administrator of the estate of Samuel Strain, dec'd. and is hereby giving notice to all persons who have claims against the said estate, to bring them forward as soon as convenient, to be fully authenticated; and those indebted are hereby requested to make immediate payment to

P. MARMADUKE, Adm'r. May 26.

Public Sale.

WILL be sold, at public auction, on the 31 day of June next, at the late dwelling house of Samuel Strain, dec'd. all the personal estate of which he died possessed, consisting of

Horses, Cows and Hogs, one good road WAGON and GEARS, one set of Blacksmith's Tools, two Beds and a Bureau, together with all the HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE—Also, about 40 or 50 acres of ground in the grounds. Terms made known at the time and place of sale.

P. MARMADUKE, Adm'r. May 26.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

ABSCONDED from the subscriber in Alexandria on the 11th inst. a dark mulatto man named JOE, about 37 years of age, of the middle size, his eyes uncommonly dull, and countenance generally stupid—He is an excellent oster and good driver, but much addicted to drunkenness. When he left this he wore a dark cloth coat, white cotton pantions, and leather hat—He is so well known in this place and a great part of Virginia, that there will be but little difficulty in finding him. His wife belongs to Vansford Arrington in Prince William, on the road between Dumfries and Occoquan—He has also relations in Jefferson County on the estates of Henry S. Turner, and John and Bushrod Washington, or he may be secreted in the city of Washington where some old family servants reside, known by the name of Will, Buck, and Hank. The above reward will be given on delivering him to the subscriber, or securing him in the Prince William or Jefferson Jails.

WILLIAM BLACKBURN, Alexandria, May 16, 1814.

Mr. John Taylor.

SIR—As you are not a resident of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and have no agent or attorney within the same, we hereby, and in this mode give you notice, that on Wednesday the 29th of June next, between the hours of ten in the forenoon and eight in the afternoon, we shall proceed, at the Globe Tavern, at present occupied by Mr. Thomas James, in Shepherd's Town, in the said Commonwealth, to order a commission from the Superior Court of Chancery, holden at Winchester, in the said Commonwealth, to take the depositions of Col. Joseph Sweating, Joseph M. Murran, Daniel Buckles, George Reynolds, Jim Jacob Cook and William Taylor, whose depositions, when taken, we shall offer as testimony in the suit received therein, in our names as complainants, and now depending, and in which you the said John Taylor, and the heirs and representatives of Levi Taylor, deceased, to wit, Fanny Taylor his widow, and John Marshall Taylor, Charles William Taylor, Rowleigh Gholston Taylor, Howell T. Percott Taylor, and Allen Griffin Taylor, by the said Fanny Taylor, their mother and guardian, and Allen, are Defendants.

JOHN HARRISA, CHRISTIAN HARRISA, Executors of Isaac Harsha, deceased. May 26, 1814. 5*

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscribers inform the public that their CARDING MACHINE, at the Mill (formerly Seibert's) in Berkeley County, within one mile of Smithfield, on the road leading from Smithfield to Darke Hill, is in the most complete order for breaking and carding wool. All wool sent to the machine must be well picked and cleaned, and one pound of clean grease sent for every ten pounds of wool. The machine will be attended by a person acquainted with the business, and those sending their wool may depend on having it well done.

SEIBERT & M'CREAY, 5w. May 26.

Notice.

THE citizens of Charles-Town and neighborhood, are requested to meet at Fulton's Hotel, on Saturday the fourth day of June next, to take into consideration the expediency of establishing a BANK in Charles-Town. All other persons who feel disposed to countenance an institution of this kind are invited to attend.

EDMUND DOWNEY, May 10th, 1814.

Trustee's Sale.

I will proceed to sell on the 30th of May, under a deed of trust, executed to me, to secure a debt due to John Downey, all Robert M. Makin's interest in the crop of wheat and rye, on the plantation formerly John Bryan's, dec'd., on a creek of the name of Turkey Run, near the town of Berkeley, in the county of Jefferson, in the State of Virginia, to wit, the next year's crop. All persons concerned are desired to attend.

By order of the president, THOMAS SMALLWOOD, C. O. F. May 19.

Weaving Business.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public in general, that he carries on the above business in all its various branches, in Jamesburgh in the county of Berkeley. Such as please to favor him with their custom he will endeavor to accommodate—He will weave Coverlets either single or double, of any figure, executed in Berwick, Berwyn, &c. or any other figure. He will weave woollen cloth six quarters wide.

JOHN COULTER, May 19.

CARDING MACHINE.

THE Subscriber informs the public that he has created and has now in operation a complete new CARDING MACHINE, at his saw mill in Jefferson County, about a half mile from Isaac Strider's mill, about two miles from Lee-Town, and five from Capt. Walper's tavern. The terms of carding will be as follows: per pound, and will be received that one pound of clean grease will be sent with every ten pounds of wool, unless it is creased before it is sent, and all wool sent to the machine must be well picked and cleaned.

WILLIAM ROBERTS, May 12, 1814.

CARDING MACHINE.

THE Subscribers inform the public that their CARDING MACHINE, at Mills Grove, near Charles Town, is in the most complete order for breaking and carding wool. All wool sent to the machine must be well picked and cleaned, and one pound of clean grease sent for every ten of wool. The Machine will be well attended, by a person acquainted with the business, and those sending their wool may depend upon having it well done.

WALKER & BEELER, 8 w. April 7.

TO BE RENTED FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THAT well known and long established Tavern stand, in Charles-Town, Jefferson County, belonging to the representatives of Thomas Flaggs, deceased, and which has been for several years past in the occupancy of Mr. Robert Fulton—possession may be had immediately.

For particulars apply to the subscriber living in Martinsburgh, Berkeley County, or to M. Hanson, Esq. of Charles-Town. JOSEPH HINNON, February 24.

Stone Masons.

TEN or fifteen journeymen are wanted immediately, to whom good wages will be given and employment for the season. Apply to the subscriber in Charles Town, Jefferson County, Va.

JOHN WILKINS, April 14.

BLANK DEEDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

ALEXANDRIA, MAY 16, 1814.

BIBLE SOCIETY.

Extract of a letter from a U. S. Officer to his friend in this town, dated Oswego Falls, May 7.

"I arrived at this place about sunset last evening, in company with about 200 troops. We escaped from the Fort about 3 P. M. after a very severe contest. Our force was, in all, about 300 men. The enemy's fleet made its appearance the morning of the 5th, about 6 o'clock, and consisted of 4 ships & 3 brigs. We had no doubt of their object, and fired alarm guns to collect the militia. About 3 P. M. the fleet formed a line and commenced embarking their troops in boats. We had only 4 pieces of ordnance to oppose their landing. The cannonading began on our side about 4, and was immediately returned by them. It continued until 6, at which time we saw them take their men on board, and cut 4 of their boats adrift, there being every appearance of a squall. The fleet left us, and came to anchor about 11 miles from the Fort, down the Lake.

"On the morning of the 6th, the fleet again made sail for the Fort. The wind being nearly ahead, it could not form its line until 11. The militia had assembled to the number of 200.—The enemy placed his troops in boats, and the cannonading began on our side immediately.—Our batteries prevented their landing until about half past one, when they effected their purpose, under cover of a continued stream of grape and canister shot.

"The militia at this time thought best to leave us. I do not think they fired a gun. The enemy was met by two companies of our troops at the landing; but his advantage was so great, it became impossible to prevent his progress, and our soldiers retreated to the breast work—we now formed our line of defence, and stood our ground for about 30 minutes, when the retreat was ordered by lieutenant Colonel Mitchell, a brave and active officer. We retreated in good order, though exposed to the brisk fire of the enemy.—Our loss in killed and wounded, we have not yet ascertained; only one officer, however, was killed, lieutenant Blaney of our corps.—He fought in the most gallant manner, until about the commencement of the retreat, when he was shot dead. Lieut. Robb, of the light artillery was wounded, but very slightly.

"A deserter has just come in & states that the enemy landed twelve hundred men at first and hid a reserve of eight hundred ready to land. Thus you see, that although we are compelled to leave our fort, we did it in such a manner as we trust will be considered honorable by every person, having contested every inch of ground against a force at least four times our number, assisted by seven large vessels of war."

FROM LAKE CHAMPLAIN.

A gentleman from the Northern Frontier now in this town, [Boston] informs that the British squadron on Lake Champlain, and on the 11th inst. appeared off Burlington, and was still off there on the afternoon of the 13th inst. Considerable alarm prevailed at that place, and many families had removed. The militia, however, had not been called out. Our squadron was at Otter Creek, not quite ready for service, and had therefore been removed farther from the Lake, on the appearance of the British. Some of our trading vessels had fallen into the hands of the enemy.

SENTINEL EXTRA.

Burlington, Sunday Evening, May 15.

Yesterday morning a little before sunrise the enemy's fleet commenced a heavy and spirited fire upon our batteries at the mouth of Otter Creek near Vergennes. Com. McDonough came down the river with his new sloop of war and several of his galleys, and in one hour the enemy were compelled to retreat, without our losing one man, or suffering the least injury! In the afternoon the British fleet appeared off this town on their retreat.

It is a true remark, that general descriptions of battles present no distinct images to the mind. We read with little emotion of broadsides discharged, ships cut to pieces and numbers killed...

It was his lot eventually to see men swept away from his side, some even while in conversation with him. One of these incidents displays the coolness and presence of mind that prevailed among the officers...

In the course of the action Perry noticed a prime and favorite sailor, who was captain of one of the guns, very much agitated with his piece, which, in consequence of the firelock being broken was rather unmanageable and rebounded...

Mr. Hamilton, the purser, who had worked at a gun like a common sailor, being wounded, was carried below and laid on the same mattress with Brooks...

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When Perry went off from the Lawrence to shift his flag to the Niagara, he stood up in the boat gallantly waving his sword, and was heard cheerfully exclaim, "Well away my brave boys!"...

When Perry was engaged at close quarters in the Niagara, Lieutenant, a fine bold young sailor, who commanded the Lady Devost, it was the commander of that vessel, was shot through the face by a musket ball...

It has been mentioned that two Indians were on board the Detroit, stationed in the tops to pick off our officers with their rifles. No sooner, however, did the ships come into close action, than they were dismayed by this new and tremendous species of battle, and sunk into the hold...

Also, a tract of 460 acres, two miles from the above, is unimproved, lies contiguous to Paul Taylor's saw-mill, is valuable for its account of its timber. Price one dollar per acre.

muscle. Perry, however, after putting a few general questions to them, ordered them to be taken away and fed, a degree of lenity which seemed to strike them with more surprise than their stolid natures are apt to evince.

The only thing that the coolness and self-command of Perry experienced any thing like a shock, was on seeing his young brother, a midshipman, knocked down by a hammock, which had been driven by a ball. In the momentary agony of his mind he gave him up as slain, but had the delight to see him rise perfectly unharmed.

Perry speaks highly of the bravery and good conduct of the negroes, who formed a considerable part of his crew. They seemed to be absolutely insensible to danger. When Capt. Barclay came on board the Niagara, and beheld the sickly and paralytic beings at the oars, he expressed his astonishment, and inquired how they were employed.

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Also, a tract of 460 acres, two miles from the above, is unimproved, lies contiguous to Paul Taylor's saw-mill, is valuable for its account of its timber. Price one dollar per acre.

Also, a tract of 556 acres adjoining the 460 acre tract, and including several branches of brush creek—this land is also unimproved, and well timbered. Price one dollar per acre.

Double Flint Glass, JUST OPENED. QUART, PINT, HALF PINT, GILL, HALF GILL, DECANTERS. WINE GLASSES, BOWLS, PITCHERS, &c.

COLUMB TURNING. THE Subscriber will engage to execute all kinds of turning in the neatest and most fashionable manner, and on the shortest notice...

NOTICE. THE notice is at the sale of the personal estate of Robert Shirley, deceased, whereby notified, that the debts will become due on the 13th inst.

A HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE. PURSUANT to a deed of trust from Peter Smurr, to the subscriber, dated the 7th day of June, 1802, and recorded in the county court of Jefferson...

FOR SALE, A VERY VALUABLE FARM in Jefferson County, Virginia, about three miles from Charlestown.

BARK WANTED. CASH WILL BE PAID FOR Chesnut, Spanish, and Black Oak Bark, delivered in Shepherd's-Town, (at Mr. John Keasley's tan-yard) by John Jackson or the subscriber.

REMOVAL. THE Subscriber informs his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his old stand to the house one door above Mrs. Wilzinger's tavern, and opposite to Mr. John Henry's, where he intends carrying on the

Clock and Watch Making Business, in all its various branches, and intending keeping a constant supply of Silver and Jewellery Work on hand.

FOR SALE, A TRACT OF LAND, IN Berkeley County, on Back Creek, containing 524 acres on the pack horse road, this tract has upwards of 100 acres of creek bottom, consisting of corn and meadow lands is well watered...

BAR IRON. HUMPHREYS & KEYES. HAVE received a few tons well assorted Columbia BAR IRON of superior quality, which they intend keeping a constant supply.

CLOVER SEED. THE Subscriber has received a supply of the best seed of Red Clover Seed, of the first quality, with which he expects to be supplied during the season.

Come and see! A VERY EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Superfine Cloths, Cassimeres, Marcelline Vesting, Cambric Muslins, Calicoes, Irish Linens, Men's and Women's Silk, and Cotton Hosiery, &c.

FOR SALE, A VERY VALUABLE FARM in Jefferson County, Virginia, about three miles from Charlestown.

NEW GOODS. THE Subscribers have received and just finished opening a LARGE QUANTITY OF FANCY GOODS;

SEASONED PLANK. THEY HAVE ALSO ON HAND A QUANTITY OF GOOD AND WELL SEASONED PINE PLANK.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE. PURSUANT to a deed of trust from Ferdinand the Fourth, dated the first day of December, 1807, and recorded in the county court of Jefferson...

Sale of Property. WILL be sold, by public vendue, on Thursday the 21st day of June, at Shannon Hill, the late residence of Ferdinand the Fourth, the late relict of FARMING UTENSILS, &c.

FOR SALE, A TRACT OF LAND, IN Berkeley County, on Back Creek, containing 524 acres on the pack horse road, this tract has upwards of 100 acres of creek bottom, consisting of corn and meadow lands is well watered...

FARMER'S REPOSITORY. CHARLES-TOWN, (Jefferson County, Virginia,) PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS. Vol. VII.] THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1814. [No. 323.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER. THE price of the FARMER'S REPOSITORY is Two Dollars a year; one dollar to be paid at the year of subscribing, and one at the expiration of the year.

From the Democratic Press. LATE EUROPEAN ADVICES. The more anxiously and critically we examine the late news, the more are we satisfied that it is impossible, upon it, to pronounce as to the probable fate of Bonaparte.

From the London "Sun" of April 5. We have this morning received a letter from Bordeaux of a very late date, the contents of which, we regret to say give us too much reason to fear, that a great difference of opinion prevails among the leading men, who are favorable to the re-establishment of the Bourbon dynasty upon the Throne of France.

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As to every thing that is passing in the South of France, we feel comparatively indifferent.—The great Lord has entered Bordeaux, the Boston of France, with the British and Portuguese, no Spanish troops—he and the duke d'Angoulême may amuse themselves at the theatre hearing old loyal music and new music composed for the occasion, and they may issue Proclamations in the name of Louis XVIII; these things will have little or no effect upon the general state of France.

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the exiled family, and employ all their power to bring about that much wished for object.—Every thing proceeded most harmoniously till the Declaration in the name of the King and the other Official Proclamations and the Acts appeared. We then found that Mr. Lynch, the Mayor, and those who agreed with him, entertained very different notions from those of the Land owners, and men of rank throughout the country.—The former are partisans of a revolution which might continue a majority of the adherents of the Usurper in place and power; the latter will hear of nothing short of the entire subversion of these intruders, and the re-establishment of the ancient regime, as nearly as may be, in every point.

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NEW YORK, MAY 12. From London papers received at the office of the Mercantile Advertiser. Rosendaal, March 9. I gave you an account in a former letter, of two unsuccessful attempts to take Antwerp by assault and to capture or burn the fleet there. We failed because our force was wholly inadequate, and because our allies the Prussians had ulterior objects to pursue. A few days ago we got a large supply of military stores, together with Congreve rockets, some of which were played off with very little effect from the rampart of Williamstadt, in the presence of our brave commander Sir James Graham.

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